



Virtual Research Presentation Conference

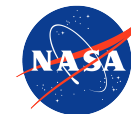
Miniaturized High-Pressure Submersible Testbed

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Program: Spontaneous Concept

Assigned Presentation #RPC-054

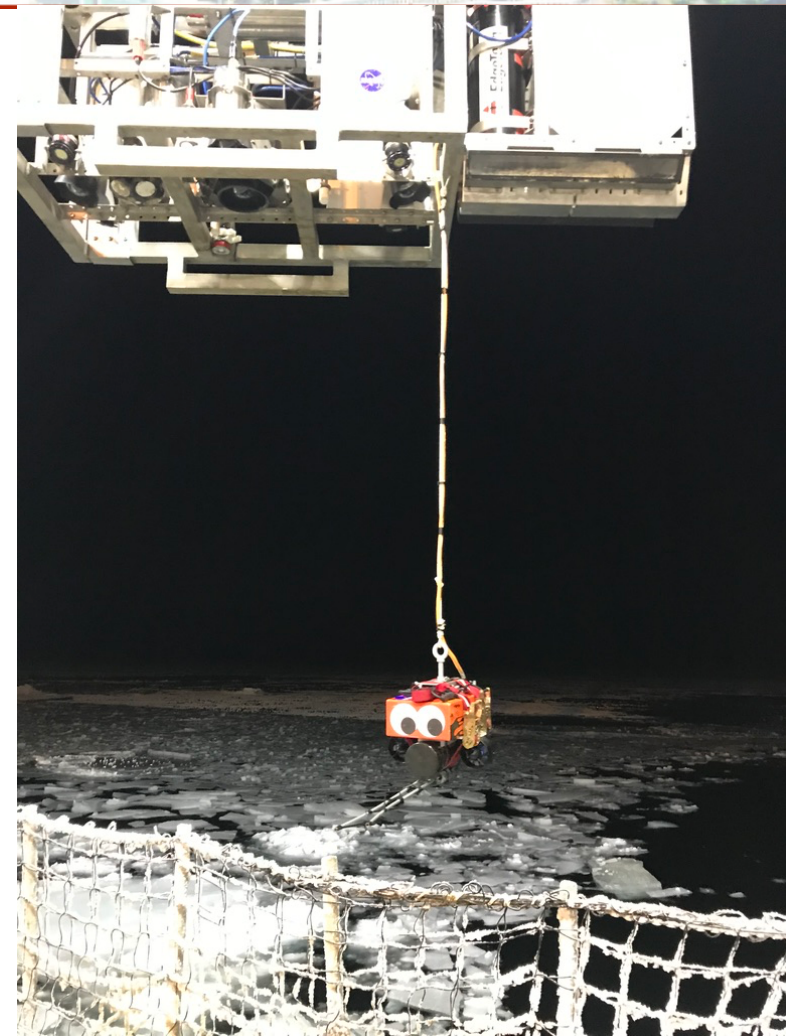


Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology

Tutorial Introduction

Abstract

In 2019, while attempting to rescue the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution's (WHOI) NUI submersible, trapped unresponsive 4000m under the ocean, an ice-locked & ship-bound combined JPL / WHOI team built an emergency mini-submersible from spare parts to retrieve the larger vessel. By modifying thrusters and connectors never rated for depth, spare deep-water pressure housings, and assorted hobbyist electronics, the team brought together oceaneering and space exploration expertise to successfully build a marsupial explorer able to fly freely as a "smart hook". *This temporary vehicle – tested to 4000 m – showed the capacity for traditional ocean vehicles to be miniaturized using techniques developed for small spacecraft.* The significant expertise of the WHOI engineers regarding fittings and connectors used in a pressure environment combined with the newly available low-cost parts, leads to new techniques promising for Ocean Worlds research – or to reach unexplored regions of Earth's ocean. This effort builds on these findings to investigate and build a low-cost "pressure-environment" testbed exploiting new techniques and technologies.



Problem Description

Context: Miniaturization of electronics and ocean technology enables new exploration possibilities:

- Utilized a familiar team and close collaborations from field expeditions. Focused on areas of JPL interest while producing a miniaturized vehicle motivating to WHOI.
- Pandemic provided unique opportunity when field travel was limited and personnel were available for design effort.

SOA: The majority of undersea vehicles are the size of phonebooths not phonebooks!

Motivation: Advance JPL's capability for survivable systems for extreme environments, e.g., >600 bar. (Extreme Environment Technologies for Future Space Science Missions report (e.g., gas-giant probes & sub-surface Ocean Worlds).

- Extend missions through the use of miniaturization, (2019 JPL Strategic Technologies document *"to realize savings and enhanced capabilities, JPL will continue to focus on developing miniaturized systems at the component, subsystem, and system level. To function as a fully integrated miniaturized system, every aspect of the technology must survive the environmental challenges"*)



Example of SpongeBob SpareParts next to AWI's OFOBS undersea camera system. The entirety of the highly maneuverable vehicle on the right is about the size of a single high resolution camera on a traditional vehicle.

Methodology

Blend techniques from ocean engineering and space systems to build a mini-submersible testbed based on the electronics developed for “Baby-Orpheus”, JPL’s existing low-cost <100m-rated submersible testbed with TRN capability.

- Performed trade study of open- vs oil-compensated vs epoxy-filled housings to minimize expensive pressure-housings.
- Pressure tested motor controller and microcontroller electronics with multiple cycles to 11,000m seawater equivalent pressure
- Approach design from tight volume constraints and expand when violation noted (thruster sizing drove buoyancy foam needs)
- Create a hybrid power system for tether or battery operations
- Utilize oil-filled junction box for connectors to prevent sea-water intrusion at depth

Results

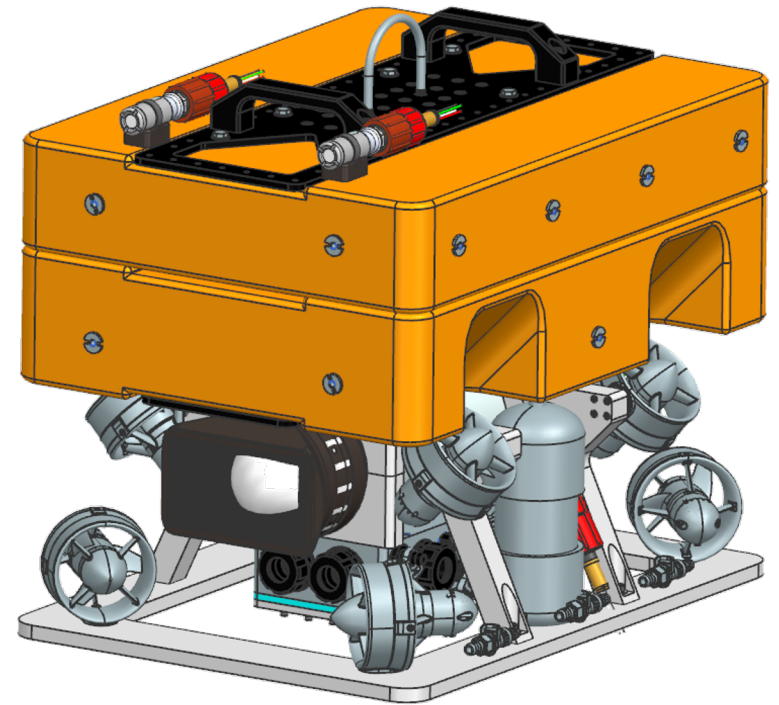
Designed and built 11,000m-class submersible packable within 2x TSA-checkable Pelican cases – with primarily COTS parts

- 8-thruster mobility for 6DOF with onboard TRN computation
- Primary motor control and sensing electronics full-ocean pressure rated (allows for operation without pressure vessel over short tether)
- Extensible for additional payload and testing in ROV or AUV mode

Smallest full ocean explorer yet built – with majority of parts low-cost and COTS

Next steps:

- Multiple possible demonstration & test cruises
- Investigating options for “daughtership” use for external cameras or lights, as well as scientific payloads of interest
- Collaboration with WHOI and other institutions seeking further funding
- Pressure-tolerant batteries and tether management systems still of interest



Publications and References

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