Topological Data Analysis based Deep Learning for Outlier Detection

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Objectives

Our proposed study will apply TDA to develop new capabilities for identifying and understanding the spatio-temporal variability of anomalous near-surface air temperature events. Our specific objectives are:

. Combine Zigzag persistent representations of temperature observations from NASA's reanalysis with deep learning (DL) for anomaly detection.

2. Develop novel topological clustering algorithms to group certain spatio-temporal regions in sequences of temperature maps from multiple instruments with similar spatiotemporal structures - with minority clusters representing multi-scale anomalies in space and time.

Background

Topology is the study of shape. TDA characterize the shape of n-dimensional point cloud data (i.e. data properties invariant under stretching, bending and rotation).

Approach and Results



- To study latent shape in known as persistent homology (PH).
 - and lifespans of thresholds
- The current study features of daily (cubical complex).

Publications Ofori-Boateng D, Lee H, Gorski KM, Garay MJ and Gel YR (2021) Application of Topological Data Analysis to Multi-Resolution Matching of Aerosol Optical Depth Maps. Front. Environ. Sci. 9:684716. doi: 10.3389/fenvs.2021.684716

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Near surface air temperature [K]

Daily mean temperature from the Modern-Era Retrospective analysis for Research and Applications, version 2 (MERRA-2) in February 2021.

Significance/Benefits to JPL and NASA This collaborative project aims at infusing novel statistical and machine learning topological approaches into DL exploration of Earth Science observations from NASA missions.

Persistence diagrams reflecting the lifespan of connected components and holes for the daily temperature maps in February 2021.

